

News Release

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Technical: Lisa Mataloni (Personal Income) (301) 278-9083
 Kyle Brown (PCE Goods) (301) 278-9086
 Harvey Davis (PCE Services) (301) 278-9719

piniwd@bea.gov
pce@bea.gov

Media: Connie O'Connell (301) 278-9003

Connie.OConnell@bea.gov

Personal Income and Outlays, April 2024

Personal income increased \$65.3 billion (0.3 percent at a monthly rate) in April, according to estimates released today by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (tables 2 and 3). **Disposable personal income** (DPI) —personal income less personal current taxes—increased \$40.2 billion (0.2 percent) and **personal consumption expenditures** (PCE) increased \$39.1 billion (0.2 percent).

The **PCE price index** increased 0.3 percent. Excluding food and energy, the PCE price index increased 0.2 percent (table 5). **Real DPI** decreased 0.1 percent in April and **real PCE** decreased 0.1 percent; goods decreased 0.4 percent and services increased 0.1 percent (tables 3 and 4).

	2023		2024		
	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	Percent change from preceding month				
Personal income:					
Current dollars	0.3	1.1	0.3	0.5	0.3
Disposable personal income:					
Current dollars	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.2
Chained (2017) dollars	0.2	0.3	-0.1	0.1	-0.1
Personal consumption expenditures (PCE):					
Current dollars	0.6	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.2
Chained (2017) dollars	0.5	-0.3	0.3	0.4	-0.1
Price indexes:					
PCE	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
PCE, excluding food and energy	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2
Percent change from month one year ago					
Price indexes:					
PCE	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.7
PCE, excluding food and energy	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8

The increase in **current-dollar personal income** in April primarily reflected increases in compensation, personal income receipts on assets, and government social benefits to persons (table 2).

The \$39.1 billion increase in **current-dollar PCE** in April reflected an increase of \$49.1 billion in spending for services that was partly offset by a \$10.0 billion decrease in spending for goods (table 2). Within services, the largest contributors to the increase were housing and utilities (led by housing), health care (both outpatient services and hospitals), and financial services and insurance (led by financial service charges, fees, and commissions). These increases were partly offset by a decrease in transportation services (led by air transportation). Within goods, the largest contributors to the decrease were spending for recreational goods and vehicles (led by information processing equipment) and other nondurable goods (led by recreational items). Detailed information on monthly PCE spending can be found on [Table 2.4.5U](#).

Personal outlays—the sum of PCE, personal interest payments, and personal current transfer payments—increased \$42.8 billion in April (table 2). **Personal saving** was \$744.5 billion in April and the **personal saving rate**—personal saving as a percentage of disposable personal income—was 3.6 percent (table 1).

Prices

From the preceding month, the **PCE price index** for April increased 0.3 percent (table 5). Prices for goods increased 0.2 percent, and prices for services increased 0.3 percent. Food prices decreased 0.2 percent and energy prices increased 1.2 percent. Excluding food and energy, the PCE price index increased 0.2 percent. Detailed monthly PCE price indexes can be found on [Table 2.4.4U](#).

From the same month one year ago, the **PCE price index** for April increased 2.7 percent (table 7). Prices for goods increased 0.1 percent and prices for services increased 3.9 percent. Food prices increased 1.3 percent and energy prices increased 3.0 percent. Excluding food and energy, the PCE price index increased 2.8 percent from one year ago.

Real PCE

The 0.1 percent decrease in **real PCE** in April reflected a decrease of 0.4 percent in spending on goods and an increase of 0.1 percent in spending on services (table 4). Within goods, the largest contributors to the decrease were gasoline and other energy goods (led by motor vehicle fuels, lubricants, and fluids), recreational goods and vehicles (led by information processing equipment), and other nondurable goods (led by recreational items). Within services, the largest contributor to the increase was health care (led by outpatient services). Detailed information on monthly real PCE spending can be found on [Table 2.4.6U](#).

Updates to Personal Income and Outlays

Estimates have been updated for October through March. For October through December, estimates for compensation, personal taxes, and contributions for government social insurance reflect the incorporation of updated fourth-quarter wage and salary data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages program. Revised and previously published changes from the preceding month for current-dollar personal income, and for current-dollar and chained (2017) dollar DPI and PCE, are provided below for February and March.

Change from preceding month								
February				March				
	<u>Previous</u>	<u>Revised</u>		<u>Previous</u>	<u>Revised</u>		<u>Previous</u>	<u>Revised</u>
	(Billions of dollars)		(Percent)	(Billions of dollars)		(Percent)		
Personal income:								
Current dollars	65.1	67.2	0.3	0.3	122.0	126.2	0.5	0.5
Disposable personal income:								
Current dollars	49.7	53.3	0.2	0.3	104.0	100.4	0.5	0.5
Chained (2017) dollars	-16.3	-13.5	-0.1	-0.1	30.2	24.7	0.2	0.1
Personal consumption expenditures:								
Current dollars	156.2	125.7	0.8	0.7	160.9	143.1	0.8	0.7
Chained (2017) dollars	75.2	50.2	0.5	0.3	80.6	63.7	0.5	0.4

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Next release: June 28, 2024, at 8:30 a.m. EDT
Personal Income and Outlays, May 2024

Additional Information

Resources

Additional Resources available at www.bea.gov:

- Stay informed about BEA developments by reading [The BEA Wire](#), signing up for BEA's [email subscription service](#), or following BEA on X, formerly known as Twitter [@BEA_News](#).
- Historical time series for these estimates can be accessed in BEA's [Interactive Data Application](#).
- Access BEA data by registering for BEA's Data [Application Programming Interface](#) (API).
- For more on BEA's statistics, refer to our online journal, the [Survey of Current Business](#).
- BEA's [news release schedule](#)
- [NIPA Handbook](#): Concepts and Methods of the U.S. National Income and Product Accounts

Definitions

Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfers. It includes income from domestic sources as well as the rest of world. It does not include realized or unrealized capital gains or losses.

Disposable personal income is the income available to persons for spending or saving. It is equal to personal income less personal current taxes.

Personal consumption expenditures (PCE) is the value of the goods and services purchased by, or on the behalf of, "persons" who reside in the United States.

Personal outlays is the sum of PCE, personal interest payments, and personal current transfer payments.

Personal saving is personal income less personal outlays and personal current taxes.

The **personal saving rate** is personal saving as a percentage of disposable personal income.

Current-dollar estimates are valued in the prices of the period when the transactions occurred—that is, at "market value." Also referred to as "nominal estimates" or as "current-price estimates."

Real values are inflation-adjusted estimates—that is, estimates that exclude the effects of price changes.

For more definitions, refer to the [Glossary: National Income and Product Accounts](#).

Statistical conventions

Annual rates. Monthly and quarterly values are expressed at seasonally-adjusted annual rates (SAAR). Dollar changes are calculated as the difference between these SAAR values. For detail, refer to the FAQ "[Why does BEA publish estimates at annual rates?](#)"

Month-to-month percent changes are calculated from unrounded data and are not annualized.

Quarter-to-quarter percent changes are calculated from unrounded data and are displayed at annual rates. For detail, refer to the FAQ "[How is average annual growth calculated?](#)" and "[Why does BEA publish percent changes in quarterly series at annual rates?](#)"

Quantities and prices. Quantities, or "real" volume measures, and prices are expressed as index numbers with a specified reference year equal to 100 (currently 2017). Quantity and price indexes are calculated using a Fisher-chained weighted formula that incorporates weights from two adjacent periods (months for monthly data, quarters for quarterly data and annuals for annual data). For details on the calculation of quantity and price indexes, refer to Chapter 4: Estimating Methods in the [NIPA Handbook](#).

Chained-dollar values are calculated by multiplying the quantity index by the current-dollar value in the reference year (2017) and then dividing by 100. Percent changes calculated from real quantity indexes and chained-dollar levels are conceptually the same; any differences are due to rounding. Chained-dollar values are not additive because the relative weights for a given period differ from those of the reference year. In tables that display chained-dollar values, a "residual" line shows the difference between the sum of detailed chained-dollar series and its corresponding aggregate.

Personal Income and Outlays News Release Tables

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Table 1. Personal Income and Its Disposition (Months)

[Billions of dollars]

Line		Seasonally adjusted at annual rates								Line
		2023				2024				
		Sept.	Oct. ^r	Nov. ^r	Dec. ^r	Jan. ^r	Feb. ^r	March ^r	April ^p	
1	Personal income	23,176.2	23,189.4	23,241.5	23,311.6	23,565.1	23,632.3	23,758.5	23,823.7	1
2	Compensation of employees	14,437.1	14,416.2	14,436.6	14,491.6	14,555.9	14,651.5	14,736.3	14,772.7	2
3	Wages and salaries	11,975.7	11,950.9	11,965.4	12,011.8	12,060.4	12,145.1	12,219.7	12,249.5	3
4	Private industries	10,207.1	10,171.7	10,179.4	10,214.8	10,247.5	10,317.8	10,377.7	10,399.3	4
5	Goods-producing industries	1,876.1	1,875.9	1,879.8	1,881.1	1,887.9	1,903.8	1,920.7	1,926.3	5
6	Manufacturing	1,108.6	1,103.3	1,103.3	1,101.0	1,103.6	1,114.8	1,124.2	1,125.0	6
7	Services-producing industries	8,331.0	8,295.7	8,299.6	8,333.7	8,359.7	8,414.0	8,457.0	8,472.9	7
8	Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,837.3	1,825.7	1,822.5	1,833.5	1,833.8	1,851.0	1,851.7	1,852.0	8
9	Other services-producing industries	6,493.8	6,470.1	6,477.1	6,500.2	6,525.8	6,563.0	6,605.4	6,620.9	9
10	Government	1,768.6	1,779.3	1,786.0	1,797.0	1,812.9	1,827.3	1,842.0	1,850.3	10
11	Supplements to wages and salaries	2,461.4	2,465.3	2,471.2	2,479.8	2,495.6	2,506.3	2,516.6	2,523.2	11
12	Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds ¹	1,635.0	1,640.6	1,645.5	1,650.9	1,659.5	1,664.5	1,669.7	1,674.2	12
13	Employer contributions for government social insurance	826.4	824.7	825.7	828.9	836.0	841.9	846.9	849.0	13
14	Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	1,877.8	1,880.2	1,886.2	1,881.5	1,887.1	1,890.4	1,893.8	1,894.1	14
15	Farm	47.2	42.6	38.0	33.4	35.0	36.6	38.3	35.1	15
16	Nonfarm	1,830.6	1,837.6	1,848.2	1,848.1	1,852.0	1,853.7	1,855.5	1,859.0	16
17	Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment	981.5	985.3	988.1	991.0	1,007.1	1,023.4	1,039.0	1,040.2	17
18	Personal income receipts on assets	3,617.9	3,645.6	3,672.7	3,683.6	3,750.7	3,672.9	3,673.0	3,690.1	18
19	Personal interest income	1,786.7	1,801.0	1,815.5	1,830.2	1,821.4	1,812.8	1,805.2	1,812.1	19
20	Personal dividend income	1,831.2	1,844.6	1,857.2	1,853.4	1,929.3	1,860.1	1,867.8	1,878.0	20
21	Personal current transfer receipts	4,086.6	4,083.8	4,082.0	4,094.6	4,216.7	4,258.4	4,290.8	4,305.5	21
22	Government social benefits to persons	3,977.7	3,977.9	3,972.1	3,987.7	4,094.5	4,149.0	4,180.9	4,195.1	22
23	Social security ²	1,363.4	1,378.6	1,370.3	1,373.8	1,421.9	1,425.6	1,433.2	1,434.2	23
24	Medicare ³	947.9	949.6	951.3	953.1	960.2	965.1	970.5	976.5	24
25	Medicaid	868.8	863.5	865.8	875.6	903.2	924.1	939.8	950.2	25
26	Unemployment insurance	20.8	22.1	23.1	22.9	22.6	22.8	22.8	22.5	26
27	Veterans' benefits	173.0	173.3	173.6	173.9	174.3	174.7	175.0	175.3	27
28	Other	603.8	590.8	588.1	588.3	612.3	636.8	639.6	636.5	28
29	Other current transfer receipts, from business (net)	108.9	105.8	109.9	106.9	122.2	109.4	109.9	110.4	29
30	Less: Contributions for government social insurance, domestic	1,824.6	1,821.7	1,824.1	1,830.7	1,852.5	1,864.2	1,874.4	1,878.8	30
31	Less: Personal current taxes	2,783.7	2,785.6	2,791.7	2,800.1	2,912.3	2,926.2	2,952.0	2,977.1	31
32	Equals: Disposable personal income	20,392.5	20,403.8	20,449.8	20,511.5	20,652.8	20,706.1	20,806.5	20,846.6	32
33	Less: Personal outlays	19,600.9	19,622.8	19,683.8	19,779.3	19,796.7	19,919.4	20,059.4	20,102.2	33
34	Personal consumption expenditures	18,791.5	18,826.8	18,903.0	19,013.7	19,032.7	19,158.4	19,301.5	19,340.6	34
35	Goods	6,278.4	6,250.7	6,242.4	6,273.8	6,179.8	6,203.5	6,271.1	6,261.1	35
36	Durable goods	2,213.4	2,191.1	2,195.7	2,219.8	2,160.8	2,181.4	2,187.6	2,180.7	36
37	Nondurable goods	4,065.0	4,059.7	4,046.7	4,054.0	4,019.0	4,022.1	4,083.5	4,080.4	37
38	Services	12,513.0	12,576.1	12,660.5	12,739.9	12,852.9	12,954.9	13,030.5	13,079.6	38
39	Personal interest payments ⁴	562.8	547.3	531.7	516.1	512.7	509.3	505.9	509.3	39
40	Personal current transfer payments	246.7	248.8	249.1	249.5	251.3	251.6	252.0	252.2	40
41	To government	131.5	131.8	132.1	132.5	132.9	133.3	133.6	133.9	41
42	To the rest of the world (net)	115.2	117.0	117.0	117.0	118.4	118.4	118.4	118.4	42
43	Equals: Personal saving	791.6	781.0	766.0	732.3	856.1	786.7	747.1	744.5	43
44	Personal saving as a percentage of disposable personal income	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	4.1	3.8	3.6	3.6	44
	Addenda:									
45	Personal income excluding current transfer receipts, billions of chained (2017) dollars ⁵	15,741.9	15,749.7	15,795.9	15,823.3	15,868.0	15,835.4	15,858.4	15,858.9	45
	Disposable personal income:									
46	Total, billions of chained (2017) dollars ⁵	16,816.3	16,819.9	16,859.6	16,889.2	16,937.8	16,924.3	16,949.0	16,938.2	46
	Per capita:									
47	Current dollars	60,762	60,767	60,876	61,033	61,431	61,569	61,846	61,942	47
48	Chained (2017) dollars	50,106	50,093	50,188	50,255	50,381	50,324	50,380	50,329	48
49	Population (midperiod, thousands) ⁶	335,612	335,773	335,925	336,070	336,194	336,306	336,423	336,550	49

p Preliminary

r Revised. Revisions include changes to series affected by the incorporation of revised wage and salary estimates for the fourth quarter of 2023.

1. Includes actual employer contributions and actuarially imputed employer contributions to reflect benefits accrued by defined benefit pension plan participants through service to employers in the current period.

2. Social security benefits include old-age, survivors, and disability insurance benefits that are distributed from the federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund and the disability insurance trust fund.

3. Medicare benefits include hospital and supplementary medical insurance benefits that are distributed from the federal hospital insurance trust fund and the supplementary medical insurance trust fund.

4. Consists of nonmortgage interest paid by households. Note that mortgage interest paid by households is an expense item in the calculation of rental income of persons.

5. The current-dollar measure is deflated by the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures.

6. Population is the total population of the United States, including the Armed Forces overseas and the institutionalized population. The monthly estimate is the average of estimates for the first of the month and the first of the following month; the annual and quarterly estimates are averages of the monthly estimates.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Table 2. Personal Income and Its Disposition, Change from Preceding Period (Months)

[Billions of dollars]

Line		Seasonally adjusted at annual rates								Line
		2023				2024				
		Sept.	Oct. ^r	Nov. ^r	Dec. ^r	Jan. ^r	Feb. ^r	March ^r	April ^p	
1	Personal income	81.7	13.2	52.1	70.1	253.5	67.2	126.2	65.3	1
2	Compensation of employees	64.4	-20.9	20.4	55.0	64.4	95.5	84.8	36.4	2
3	Wages and salaries	54.5	-24.8	14.4	46.4	48.6	84.7	74.6	29.8	3
4	Private industries	39.2	-35.5	7.7	35.4	32.7	70.3	59.9	21.5	4
5	Goods-producing industries	9.0	-0.2	3.8	1.3	6.8	16.0	16.9	5.6	5
6	Manufacturing	6.4	-5.3	0.0	-2.3	2.6	11.1	9.4	0.8	6
7	Services-producing industries	30.2	-35.3	3.9	34.1	25.9	54.4	43.0	15.9	7
8	Trade, transportation, and utilities	9.2	-11.6	-3.2	11.0	0.3	17.2	0.6	0.3	8
9	Other services-producing industries	21.0	-23.7	7.1	23.1	25.6	37.2	42.4	15.5	9
10	Government	15.3	10.7	6.7	11.0	15.9	14.4	14.7	8.3	10
11	Supplements to wages and salaries	9.9	3.9	6.0	8.5	15.8	10.8	10.2	6.6	11
12	Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds ¹	6.5	5.6	5.0	5.4	8.6	5.0	5.2	4.5	12
13	Employer contributions for government social insurance	3.5	-1.7	1.0	3.2	7.2	5.8	5.0	2.1	13
14	Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	16.7	2.4	6.0	-4.7	5.5	3.3	3.4	0.3	14
15	Farm	-2.8	-4.6	-4.6	-4.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	-3.2	15
16	Nonfarm	19.4	7.0	10.6	-0.1	3.9	1.7	1.8	3.5	16
17	Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment	7.0	3.8	2.8	2.9	16.1	16.3	15.6	1.2	17
18	Personal income receipts on assets	10.6	27.7	27.0	10.9	67.1	-77.8	0.1	17.1	18
19	Personal interest income	10.4	14.3	14.5	14.7	-8.8	-8.5	-7.6	6.9	19
20	Personal dividend income	0.3	13.4	12.5	-3.8	75.9	-69.2	7.8	10.2	20
21	Personal current transfer receipts	-10.0	-2.8	-1.8	12.7	122.1	41.6	32.4	14.7	21
22	Government social benefits to persons	-14.1	0.2	-5.8	15.6	106.9	54.4	31.9	14.2	22
23	Social security ²	1.3	15.2	-8.3	3.5	48.1	3.7	7.6	1.0	23
24	Medicare ³	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	7.1	4.8	5.4	6.0	24
25	Medicaid	-10.7	-5.3	2.3	9.8	27.5	20.9	15.7	10.4	25
26	Unemployment insurance	-0.3	1.3	0.9	-0.2	-0.2	0.1	0.0	-0.3	26
27	Veterans' benefits	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	27
28	Other	-6.2	-12.9	-2.8	0.2	24.0	24.5	2.8	-3.1	28
29	Other current transfer receipts, from business (net)	4.2	-3.0	4.0	-2.9	15.3	-12.8	0.5	0.5	29
30	Less: Contributions for government social insurance, domestic	7.1	-3.0	2.4	6.6	21.8	11.7	10.2	4.4	30
31	Less: Personal current taxes	15.6	1.9	6.2	8.4	112.2	13.9	25.8	25.1	31
32	Equals: Disposable personal income	66.2	11.3	46.0	61.7	141.2	53.3	100.4	40.2	32
33	Less: Personal outlays	184.0	21.9	60.9	95.5	17.4	122.7	140.0	42.8	33
34	Personal consumption expenditures	139.9	35.4	76.2	110.7	19.0	125.7	143.1	39.1	34
35	Goods	49.8	-27.7	-8.3	31.4	-94.0	23.7	67.5	-10.0	35
36	Durable goods	20.2	-22.3	4.6	24.1	-58.9	20.6	6.2	-6.9	36
37	Nondurable goods	29.5	-5.4	-12.9	7.3	-35.1	3.2	61.3	-3.1	37
38	Services	90.1	63.0	84.5	79.3	113.0	102.0	75.5	49.1	38
39	Personal interest payments ⁴	43.8	-15.6	-15.6	-15.6	-3.4	-3.4	-3.4	3.4	39
40	Personal current transfer payments	0.3	2.1	0.3	0.4	1.8	0.4	0.3	0.3	40
41	To government	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	41
42	To the rest of the world (net)	0.0	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	42
43	Equals: Personal saving	-117.8	-10.6	-15.0	-33.8	123.8	-69.4	-39.6	-2.6	43
	Addenda:									
44	Personal income excluding current transfer receipts, billions of chained (2017) dollars ⁵	15.4	7.8	46.1	27.4	44.7	-32.6	23.0	0.5	44
45	Disposable personal income, billions of chained (2017) dollars ⁵	-9.9	3.6	39.7	29.6	48.6	-13.5	24.7	-10.7	45

^p Preliminary^r Revised. Revisions include changes to series affected by the incorporation of revised wage and salary estimates for the fourth quarter of 2023.

1. Includes actual employer contributions and actuarially imputed employer contributions to reflect benefits accrued by defined benefit pension plan participants through service to employers in the current period.

2. Social security benefits include old-age, survivors, and disability insurance benefits that are distributed from the federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund and the disability insurance trust fund.

3. Medicare benefits include hospital and supplementary medical insurance benefits that are distributed from the federal hospital insurance trust fund and the supplementary medical insurance trust fund.

4. Consists of nonmortgage interest paid by households. Note that mortgage interest paid by households is an expense item in the calculation of rental income of persons.

5. The current-dollar measure is deflated by the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Table 3. Personal Income and Its Disposition, Percent Change from Preceding Period (Months)

Line		Seasonally adjusted at monthly rates								Line
		2023				2024				
		Sept.	Oct. ^r	Nov. ^r	Dec. ^r	Jan. ^r	Feb. ^r	March ^r	April ^p	
		Based on current-dollar measures								
1	Personal income	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.1	0.3	0.5	0.3	1
2	Compensation of employees	0.4	-0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.2	2
3	Wages and salaries	0.5	-0.2	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.2	3
4	Supplements to wages and salaries	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	4
5	Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	0.9	0.1	0.3	-0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	5
6	Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.1	6
7	Personal income receipts on assets	0.3	0.8	0.7	0.3	1.8	-2.1	0.0	0.5	7
8	Personal interest income	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	-0.5	-0.5	-0.4	0.4	8
9	Personal dividend income	0.0	0.7	0.7	-0.2	4.1	-3.6	0.4	0.5	9
10	Personal current transfer receipts	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	0.3	3.0	1.0	0.8	0.3	10
11	Less: Contributions for government social insurance, domestic	0.4	-0.2	0.1	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.2	11
12	Less: Personal current taxes	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.3	4.0	0.5	0.9	0.8	12
13	Equals: Disposable personal income	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.2	13
	Addenda:									
14	Personal consumption expenditures	0.7	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.2	14
15	Goods	0.8	-0.4	-0.1	0.5	-1.5	0.4	1.1	-0.2	15
16	Durable goods	0.9	-1.0	0.2	1.1	-2.7	1.0	0.3	-0.3	16
17	Nondurable goods	0.7	-0.1	-0.3	0.2	-0.9	0.1	1.5	-0.1	17
18	Services	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.4	18
		Based on chained (2017) dollar measures								
19	Real personal income excluding transfer receipts	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.3	-0.2	0.1	0.0	19
20	Real disposable personal income	-0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.3	-0.1	0.1	-0.1	20

p Preliminary

r Revised. Revisions include changes to series affected by the incorporation of revised wage and salary estimates for the fourth quarter of 2023.

Table 4. Real Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product (Months)

Line		2023				2024				Line
		Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan. ^r	Feb. ^r	March ^r	April ^p	
	Billions of chained (2017) dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates									
1	Personal consumption expenditures (PCE)	15,496.0	15,519.9	15,584.3	15,655.8	15,609.1	15,659.3	15,723.0	15,714.6	1
2	Goods	5,431.5	5,422.5	5,445.4	5,485.5	5,412.5	5,406.7	5,457.7	5,437.0	2
3	Durable goods	2,065.8	2,050.0	2,064.0	2,096.3	2,036.6	2,052.2	2,056.8	2,055.1	3
4	Nondurable goods	3,376.1	3,381.6	3,391.0	3,400.9	3,383.9	3,364.4	3,409.2	3,391.0	4
5	Services	10,093.7	10,125.3	10,167.0	10,199.8	10,221.2	10,275.2	10,290.7	10,301.3	5
	Change from preceding period in billions of chained (2017) dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates									
6	Personal consumption expenditures (PCE)	56.2	23.9	64.4	71.5	-46.7	50.2	63.7	-8.5	6
7	Goods	33.8	-8.9	22.8	40.1	-73.1	-5.8	51.0	-20.7	7
8	Durable goods	20.9	-15.8	14.0	32.2	-59.7	15.6	4.6	-1.7	8
9	Nondurable goods	13.8	5.5	9.4	9.9	-17.0	-19.5	44.9	-18.3	9
10	Services	23.4	31.6	41.7	32.7	21.4	54.0	15.5	10.6	10
	Percent change from preceding period in chained (2017) dollars, seasonally adjusted at monthly rates									
11	Personal consumption expenditures (PCE)	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.5	-0.3	0.3	0.4	-0.1	11
12	Goods	0.6	-0.2	0.4	0.7	-1.3	-0.1	0.9	-0.4	12
13	Durable goods	1.0	-0.8	0.7	1.6	-2.8	0.8	0.2	-0.1	13
14	Nondurable goods	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	-0.5	-0.6	1.3	-0.5	14
15	Services	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	15

p Preliminary

r Revised

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Table 5. Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures: Level and Percent Change from Preceding Period (Months)

Line		2023				2024				Line
		Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan. ^r	Feb. ^r	March ^r	April ^p	
	Chain-type price indexes (2017=100), seasonally adjusted									
1	Personal consumption expenditures (PCE)	121.267	121.309	121.296	121.448	121.934	122.347	122.761	123.076	1
2	Goods	115.588	115.267	114.630	114.362	114.171	114.733	114.899	115.152	2
3	Durable goods	107.154	106.890	106.385	105.898	106.112	106.307	106.373	106.125	3
4	Nondurable goods	120.395	120.040	119.324	119.192	118.755	119.538	119.764	120.320	4
5	Services	123.976	124.212	124.533	124.912	125.755	126.087	126.631	126.978	5
	Addenda:									
6	PCE excluding food and energy	119.842	120.015	120.122	120.305	120.878	121.201	121.606	121.909	6
7	Food ¹	125.770	126.020	125.855	125.912	126.501	126.663	126.612	126.397	7
8	Energy goods and services ²	144.958	141.367	138.748	138.350	136.422	139.567	141.182	142.897	8
9	Market-based PCE ³	119.911	120.011	120.001	120.100	120.484	120.874	121.247	121.479	9
10	Market-based PCE excluding food and energy ³	118.051	118.311	118.439	118.564	119.035	119.319	119.675	119.881	10
	Percent change from preceding period in price indexes, seasonally adjusted at monthly rates									
11	Personal consumption expenditures (PCE)	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	11
12	Goods	0.2	-0.3	-0.6	-0.2	-0.2	0.5	0.1	0.2	12
13	Durable goods	-0.1	-0.2	-0.5	-0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	-0.2	13
14	Nondurable goods	0.3	-0.3	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4	0.7	0.2	0.5	14
15	Services	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.3	15
	Addenda:									
16	PCE excluding food and energy	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	16
17	Food ¹	0.3	0.2	-0.1	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	-0.2	17
18	Energy goods and services ²	1.7	-2.5	-1.9	-0.3	-1.4	2.3	1.2	1.2	18
19	Market-based PCE ³	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	19
20	Market-based PCE excluding food and energy ³	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	20

p Preliminary

r Revised

1. Food consists of food and beverages purchased for off-premises consumption; food services, which include purchased meals and beverages, are not classified as food.

2. Consists of gasoline and other energy goods and of electricity and gas services.

3. Market-based PCE is a supplemental measure that is based on household expenditures for which there are observable price measures. It excludes most imputed transactions (for example, financial services furnished without payment) and the final consumption expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

**Table 6. Real Disposable Personal Income and Real Personal Consumption Expenditures:
Percent Change from Month One Year Ago**

Line		2023				2024				Line
		Sept.	Oct. ^r	Nov. ^r	Dec. ^r	Jan. ^r	Feb. ^r	March ^r	April ^p	
1	Disposable personal income	3.9	3.7	3.9	3.8	2.0	1.6	1.3	1.0	1
2	Personal consumption expenditures	2.1	2.1	2.9	3.3	1.9	2.2	2.8	2.6	2
3	Goods	2.5	2.0	3.6	4.5	1.1	0.9	2.8	1.9	3
4	Durable goods	5.1	3.1	6.2	8.0	0.0	1.0	2.9	2.1	4
5	Nondurable goods	1.1	1.4	2.1	2.6	1.7	0.8	2.8	1.8	5
6	Services	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.3	2.8	2.8	2.9	6

p Preliminary

r Revised. Revisions include changes to series affected by the incorporation of revised wage and salary estimates for the fourth quarter of 2023.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Table 7. Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures: Percent Change from Month One Year Ago

Line		2023				2024				Line
		Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan. ^r	Feb. ^r	March ^r	April ^p	
1	Personal consumption expenditures (PCE)	3.4	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.7	1
2	Goods	0.9	0.2	-0.1	0.2	-0.5	-0.2	0.1	0.1	2
3	Durable goods	-2.3	-2.2	-2.1	-2.3	-2.4	-2.0	-1.9	-2.2	3
4	Nondurable goods	2.7	1.6	1.0	1.6	0.5	0.8	1.3	1.4	4
5	Services	4.6	4.3	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.8	4.0	3.9	5
	Addenda:									
6	PCE excluding food and energy	3.6	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	6
7	Food ¹	2.7	2.4	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.3	7
8	Energy goods and services ²	0.1	-4.6	-5.0	-1.7	-4.9	-2.3	2.6	3.0	8
9	Market-based PCE ³	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.4	9
10	Market-based PCE excluding food and energy ³	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.5	10

p Preliminary

r Revised

1. Food consists of food and beverages purchased for off-premises consumption; food services, which include purchased meals and beverages, are not classified as food.

2. Consists of gasoline and other energy goods and of electricity and gas services.

3. Market-based PCE is a supplemental measure that is based on household expenditures for which there are observable price measures. It excludes most imputed transactions (for example, financial services furnished without payment) and the final consumption expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis